# Photon-hadron and photon-photon collisions in ALICE

Rainer Schicker for the ALICE Collaboration

Phys. Inst., Heidelberg

June 18, 2015

Photon-photon collisions

Photon-hadron collisions

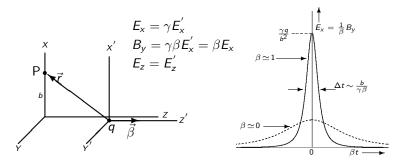
The ALICE experiment

Results Run I

Plans Run II

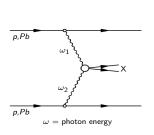
Summary and outlook

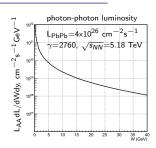
### The electromagnetic field of a moving charge



- Fields represent plane polarized radiation moving in z-direction
- Equivalent Photon Approximation (EPA)
  - ► E. Fermi (1924)
  - ► C.F. Weizsäcker, E.J. Williams (1934)
- $dn_{\gamma}(\omega,b) = \frac{Z_1^2 \alpha}{\pi^2} \frac{d\omega}{\omega} \frac{d^2 b}{b^2}$  (lead. log approx.)

### Photon-photon cross sections

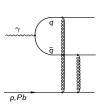


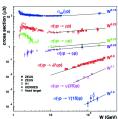


- hadron induced photon-photon processes in EPA-formalism
  - $\begin{array}{l} \bullet \ \ \sigma^{EPA}_{pp \to pp \ X} = \int \int dn^1_{\gamma} \ dn^2_{\gamma} \ \sigma_{\gamma\gamma \to x}(\omega_1 \, \omega_2) \\ \bullet \ \ \sigma^{EPA}_{bpb \to PbPb \ X} = \int \int dn^1_{\gamma} \ dn^2_{\gamma} \ \sigma_{\gamma\gamma \to x}(\omega_1 \, \omega_2) \end{array}$
- photon-photon luminosity in EPA formalism  $\frac{dL}{dWdy} = \frac{2}{W} \frac{dL}{d\omega_1 d\omega_2} = \frac{2}{W} \frac{dn(\omega_1)}{d\omega_1} \frac{dn(\omega_2)}{d\omega_2} = \frac{4Z^4\alpha^2}{\pi^2(\omega_1\omega_2)^{3/2}} \log(\frac{\gamma}{R\omega_1})\log(\frac{\gamma}{R\omega_2})$ 
  - W = invariant mass of two-photon system =  $2\sqrt{\omega_1\omega_2}$
  - y = rapidity of two-photon system =  $\frac{1}{2} \log(\frac{\omega_1}{\omega_2})$

#### Photon-hadron cross sections

 Photon of electromagnetic field of one nucleus interacts with nucleus of the other beam





 cross sections for exclusive vector meson production show energy dependence of hadronic cross sections

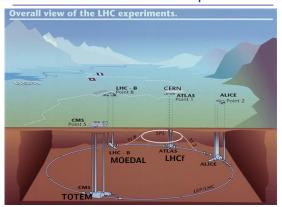
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dt} (\gamma^* p \to J/\psi p) \Big|_{t=0} = \frac{\Gamma_{ee} M_{J/\psi}^3 \pi^3}{48\alpha} \left[ \frac{\alpha_s(\bar{Q}^2)}{\bar{Q}^4} x g(x, \bar{Q}^2) \right]^2 \left( 1 + \frac{Q^2}{M_{J/\psi}^2} \right)$$

$$\bar{Q}^2 = (Q^2 + M_{J/\psi}^2)/4, \quad x = (Q^2 + M_{J/\psi}^2)/(W^2 + M_{J/\psi}^2).$$

cross section proportional to (gluon dens.)2,  $\sigma \sim (xg)^2$ , hence  $\sigma \sim x^\lambda$ 

A.D.Martin, C.Nockles, M.Ryskin, T.Teubner, Small x gluon from exclusive J/Ψ production, Phys. Lett., B662, (2008) 252, arXiv:0709.4406

### The LHC collider - 7 experiments

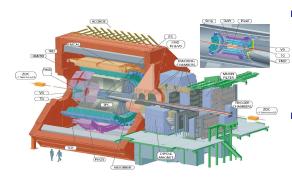


#### ■ LHC Run I 2010-2013:

year	syst.	$\sqrt{s}$	int. lumi.
2010	p-p	7 TeV	$45 \text{ pb}^{-1}$
2011	р-р	7 TeV	$6~{ m fb}^{-1}$
2012	р-р	8 TeV	$23 \; { m fb}^{-1}$

year	syst	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$	int. lumi.
2010	Pb-Pb	2.76 TeV	$\sim$ 10 $\mu b^{-1}$
2011	Pb-Pb	2.76 TeV	$\sim 0.15~{ m nb}^{-1}$
2013	p-Pb	5.02 TeV	$\sim 30~{ m nb}^{-1}$

### The ALICE experiment



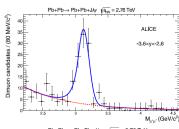
#### Central Barrel

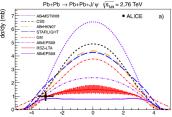
- ▶  $|\eta| < 0.9$
- tracking: ITS+TPC
- trigger detectors: SPD, TRD, TOF
- Muon spectrometer
  - ►  $-4.0 < \eta < -2.5$
  - tracking
  - trigger chambers

- Scintillator arrays:
  - ▶ VZERO-A: 2.8  $<\eta<$  5.1, segmented in  $\Delta\eta\sim$  0.5,  $\Delta\phi=$  45 $^{0}$
  - ▶ VZERO-C: -3.7  $< \eta <$  -1.7, segmentation as VZERO-A
- Zero Degree Calorimeter for detecting forward neutrons

### $J/\Psi$ production at forward rapidity in PbPb-collisions

- ALICE Collaboration,Phys. Lett. B718 (2013) 1273
  - measurement  $J/\psi$  production at forward rapidity
  - ▶  $J/\Psi$  in  $\mu^+\mu^-$  channel
- trigger:
  - ▶ single muon trigger p<sub>T</sub> > 1 GeV/c
  - at least one hit in VZERO-C
  - ▶ no hits in VZERO-A





 not much discriminating power of models at this rapidity, models without nuclear gluon shadowing disfavored

# $J/\psi$ production at midrapidity in PbPb-collisions

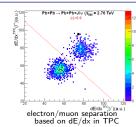
ALICE Collaboration,

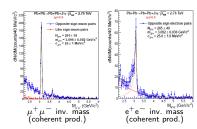
#### Eur. Phys. J. C73 (2013) 2617

- ▶ ALICE measurement  $J/\psi$ ,  $\psi$ (2S) photoproduction at midrapidity
- ► J/Ψ identified in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> and  $μ^+μ^-$  channels



- ▶ at least 2 hits in SPD
- number of TOF hits:  $2 \le N^{TOF} \le 6$ (2 hits back-to-back)
- no hits in VZERO-A, VZERO-C
- coherent production  $< p_T^{J/\Psi} > \approx 60 \text{ MeV/c}$
- incoherent production  $\langle p_T^{J/\Psi} \rangle \approx 500 \text{ MeV/c}$





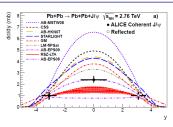
# $J/\psi$ production at midrapidity in PbPb-collisions

#### Analysis $J/\psi$ cross section

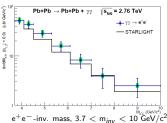
- coherent/incoherent cross section within rapidity |y| < 0.9
- data sample of 23  $\mu$ b<sup>-1</sup>

$$\ \ \, \blacksquare \, \, \, \frac{{}^{d\sigma^{coh}_{J/\psi}}}{{}^{dy}} = 2.38^{+0.34}_{-0.24} \, \, \text{(stat+sys) mb}$$

$$\quad \blacksquare \ \, \frac{{}^{d\sigma^{\rm inc}_{J/\psi}}}{{}^{dy}} = 0.98^{+0.19}_{-0.17} \ {\rm (stat+sys)} \ {\rm mb} \ \,$$

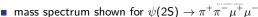


- models without gluon shadowing inconsistent with measured cross section
- models with EPS09 gluon shadowing agree well with measurements
- Analysis  $\gamma \gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$
- cross section  $\gamma \gamma \rightarrow e^+ e^ (m_{e^+e^-} > m_{J/\psi})$  analyzed within rapidity -0.9 < y < 0.9
- good agreement with STARLIGHT event generator

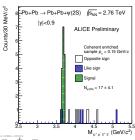


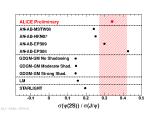
# $\psi(2S)$ production at midrapidity in PbPb-collisions

- Analysis  $\psi(2S)$  cross section
- coherent cross section within rapidity |y| < 0.9
- $\blacksquare$  data sample of 23  $\mu$ b<sup>-1</sup>
- identification:  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow I^+I^$ and  $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-I^+I^-$
- $\frac{d\sigma_{\psi(2S)}^{coh}}{dy} = 0.83 \pm 0.19 \text{ (stat+sys) mb}$



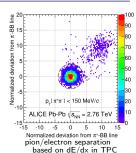
- similar spectrum for  $\psi(2S) \to \pi^+\pi^-e^+e^-$
- cross section ratio  $\psi(2S)$  / J/ $\psi$
- node in  $\psi(2S)$  radial wave function, smaller  $\psi(2S)$  cross section expected
- GDGM-GM, STARLIGHT models underpredict ratio  $\psi(2S)$  to  $J/\psi$

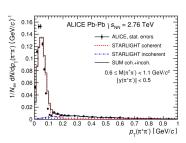




# $ho^0$ production at midrapidity in PbPb-collisions

- ALICE Collaboration, arXiv:1503.09177
  - coherent ρ<sup>0</sup> photoproduction at midrapidity
  - $\qquad \qquad \rho^0 \ \ \text{identified in} \ \pi^+\pi^- \ \ \text{channel} \\ \text{within rapidity} \ |y| < 0.5$
- trigger low-lumi runs 2010:
  - number of TOF hits:  $N^{TOF} > 2$
- trigger higher lumi runs:
  - N number of TOF hits: N<sup>TOF</sup> > 2
  - at least 2 hits in SPD
  - no hits in VZERO-A, VZERO-C





# $\rho^0$ production at midrapidity in PbPb-collisions

 $\pi^+\pi^-$ -mass spectrum fitted by: in blue: Söding parameterization

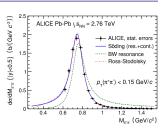
$$\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{\pi\pi}} = \left| A \frac{\sqrt{M_{\pi\pi}M_{\rho0}\Gamma(M_{\pi\pi})}}{M_{\pi\pi}^2 - M_{\rho0}^2 + iM_{\rho0}\Gamma(M_{\pi\pi})} + B \right|^2$$

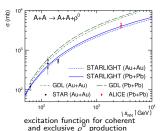
A=Breit-Wigner / B=non-resonant  $\pi^+\pi^-$  ampl.

in green: BW-contr. of Söding fit in red: Ross-Stodolsky parametr.

$$\frac{\frac{d\sigma}{dM_{\pi\pi}} =}{A \left| \frac{\sqrt{M_{\pi\pi}M_{\rho^0}\Gamma(M_{\pi\pi})}}{M_{\pi\pi}^2 - M_{\rho^0}^2 + iM_{\rho^0}\Gamma(M_{\pi\pi})} \right|^2 \left( \frac{M_{\rho^0}}{M_{\pi\pi}} \right)^k }$$

- comparison to models
  - GDL (Glauber-Donnachie-Landshoff):
     DL model for ρN cross sect.
  - ► STARLIGHT (Nystrand):  $\sigma(\rho N) = 5.0 \text{ W}_{\gamma N}^{0.20} + 26.0 \text{ W}_{\gamma N}^{-1.23} \mu \text{b}$

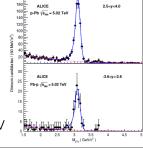




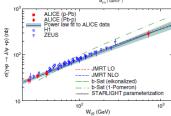
# $J/\Psi$ production at forward rapidity in pPb-collisions

#### ALICE Collaboration, Phys.Rev.Lett. 113 (2014) 232504

- measurement of  $J/\psi$  production at forward/backward rapidity
- $J/\Psi$  in  $\mu^+\mu^-$  channel
- $J/\Psi$  measured in p-Pb
  - 2.5 < y < 4.0,  $21 < W_{\gamma p} < 45$  GeV
- $J/\Psi$  measured in Pb-p
  - ► -3.6 < y < -2.6,  $577 < W_{\gamma p} < 952$  GeV

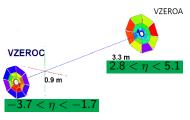


- ALICE measurement:
  - ross section compatible with power-law dependence up to  $W_{\gamma p} \sim 700 \text{ GeV } (x \sim 2x10^{-5})$
  - no change of gluon PDF between HERA and LHC energy

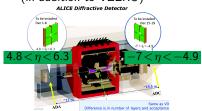


#### New detectors for Run II

Run I veto detectors VZERO



Run II new detectors ADA, ADC: (in addition to VZERO)



Scintillation det. ADA



- Detectors ADC. ADC:
  - extend accept. to lower masses in single/double diffractive dissociation in pp-collisions
  - improve exclusivity condition in pPb and PbPb collisions
  - rejection of beam-gas events
  - ► ADA/ADC det. taking data

#### Plans for Run II

- Run II has officially started ! First stable proton beams at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV declared on June 3.
- Run II expectations:
  - ▶ pp-collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 13$  TeV ( maybe higher later in the run), 75-100 fb<sup>-1</sup> delivered to ATLAS and CMS
  - ▶ Pb-Pb at  $\sqrt{s} = 5.1 \text{ TeV}, 1 \text{ nb}^{-1}$
  - ▶ p-Pb,  $\sqrt{s}$  under discussion:
    - 5.1 TeV (same  $\sqrt{s}$  as in PbPb)
    - $\sim$  8 TeV ( max.  $\sqrt{s}$  available)

# Summary and outlook

- a wealth of Run I data available from ALICE collaboration
  - photon-hadron collisions
    - $J/\psi$  production in PbPb collisions at midrapidity
    - $\psi(2S)$  production in PbPb collisions at midrapidity
    - ullet ho production in PbPb collisions at midrapidity
    - $J/\psi$  production in PbPb collisions at forward rapidity
    - $J/\psi$  production in pPb collisions at forward rapidity
  - photon-photon collisions
    - $\gamma\gamma o e^+e^-$  in PbPb at midrapidity
- new detector system ADA, ADC for improved pseudorapidity coverage in Run II