

Design, Performance and Perspective of NA62-RICH at CERN

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on behalf of NA62-Collaboration

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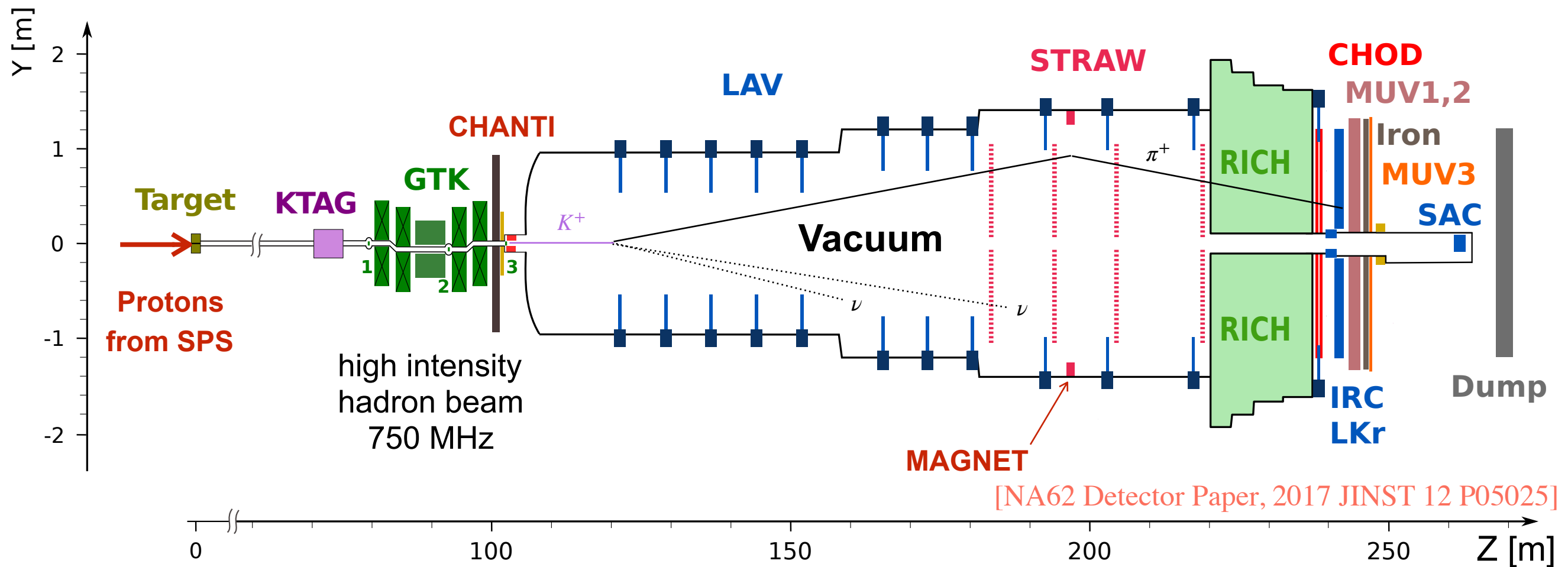
NA62 is a fixed target experiment located in the North Area of CERN
dedicated to the study of charged kaon decays
in particular the very rare decay $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$

2016 → 2018 Physics run
2015 RICH commissioned
2009 NA62 approved



Beam characteristics

- 400 GeV/c protons from SPS on beryllium target produce secondary **hadron beam**
- 3.5 seconds spill
- **75 GeV/c** momentum positive particle selected (1% rms)
- **750 MHz** nominal rate
- **6%** are kaons



signal probability is 10 order of magnitude smaller than background!

Background rejection

$$K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu$$

$$K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^0$$

TRIGGER

Level 0 : RICH, CHOD, MUV3, <20 GeV in Lkr

Level 1 : PHOTON, Kinematic

CONTROL: minimum bias and downscale

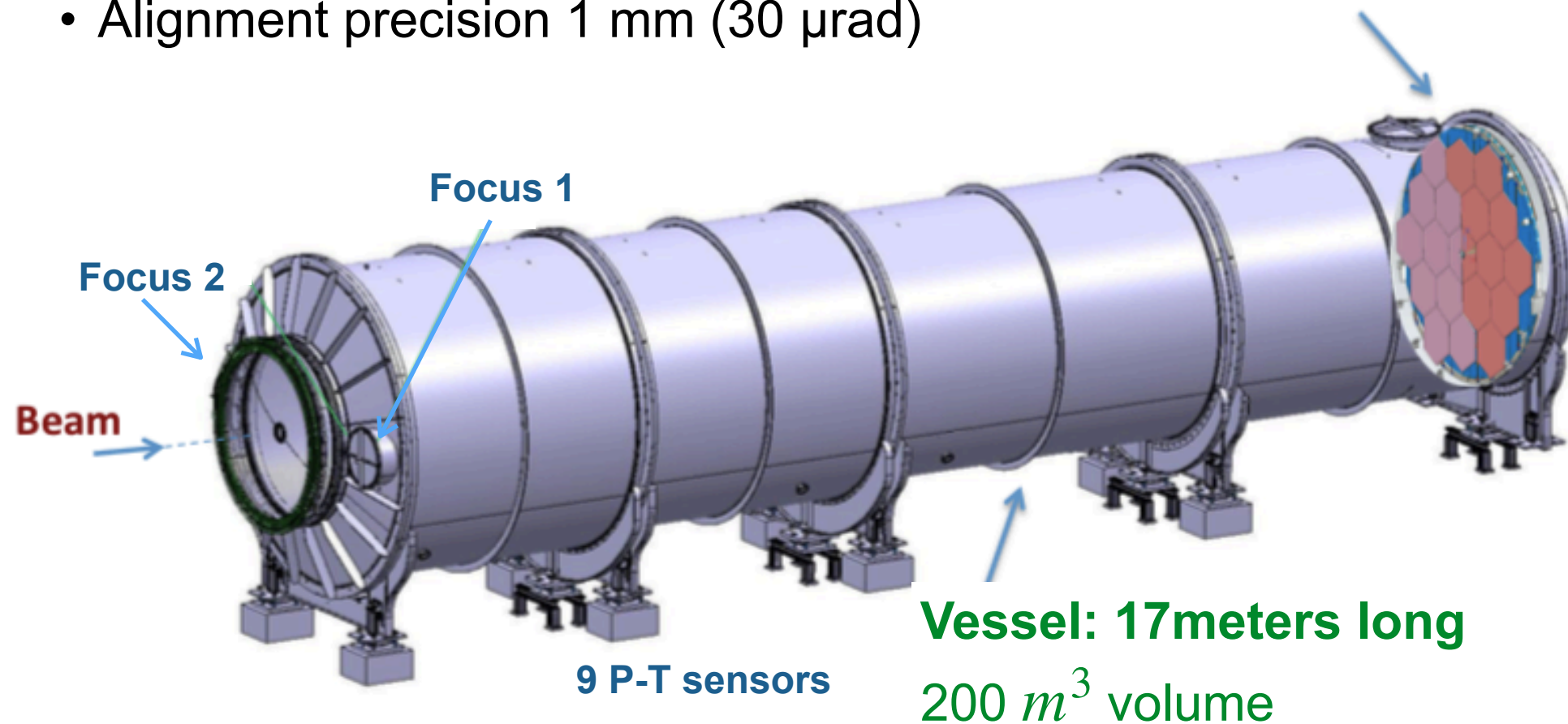
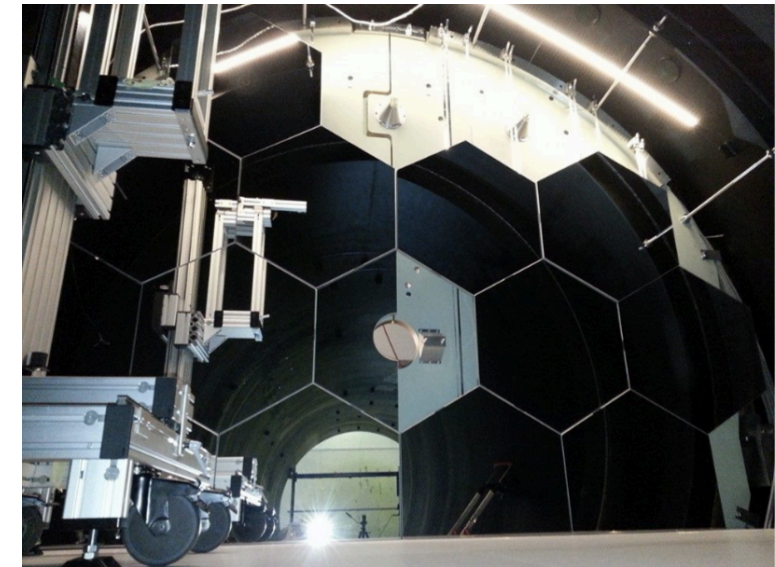
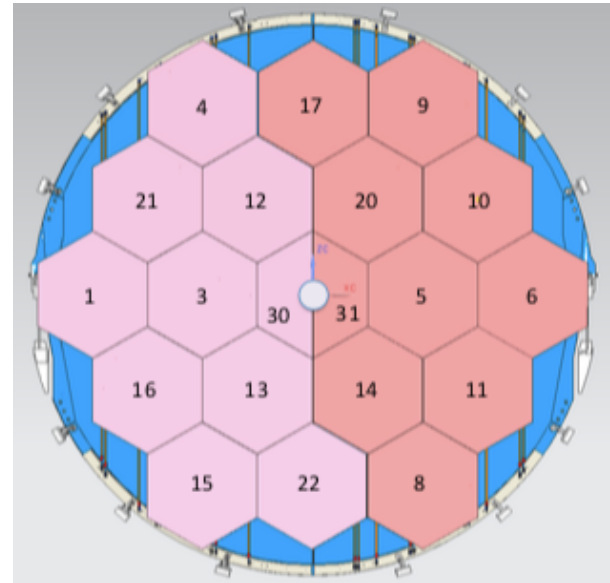
- ★ NA62-RICH was built to provide an **extra factor 100** to $\pi - \mu$ separation on top of kinematics and calorimetry
- ★ With sub-ns precision it was used as random veto free **fast hodoscope** for $K - \pi$ matching
- ★ Being fast and simple the RICH was used as **trigger** detector for NA62

Radiator: Neon gas at 1 atm

$$(n - 1) = 62.8 \times 10^{-6} \text{ at } 300 \text{ nm}$$

Optics: mirror mosaic

- Aluminized glass, MgF₂ coating
- Reflectivity 90% in 195 - 650 nm
- Alignment precision 1 mm (30 μ rad)



Vessel: 17meters long
200 m³ volume

Alignment method
Single track
extrapolation from
spectrometer and
comparison with fitted
ring center.
Adjust mirror
orientation and iterate

Beam pipe \varnothing 168 mm for undecayed particles

[Mirror alignment Paper, 2018 JINST 13 P07012]

2 x 976 (1952) Photomultipliers

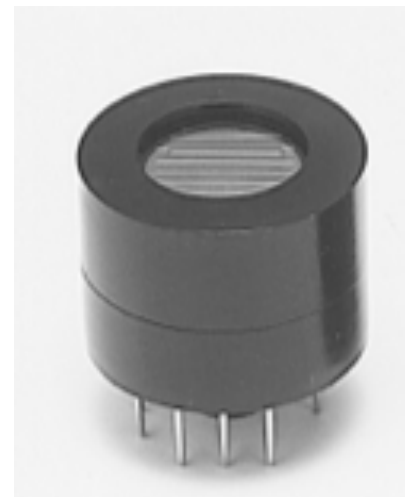
18 mm pitch

185-650 nm

QE 20% @ peak

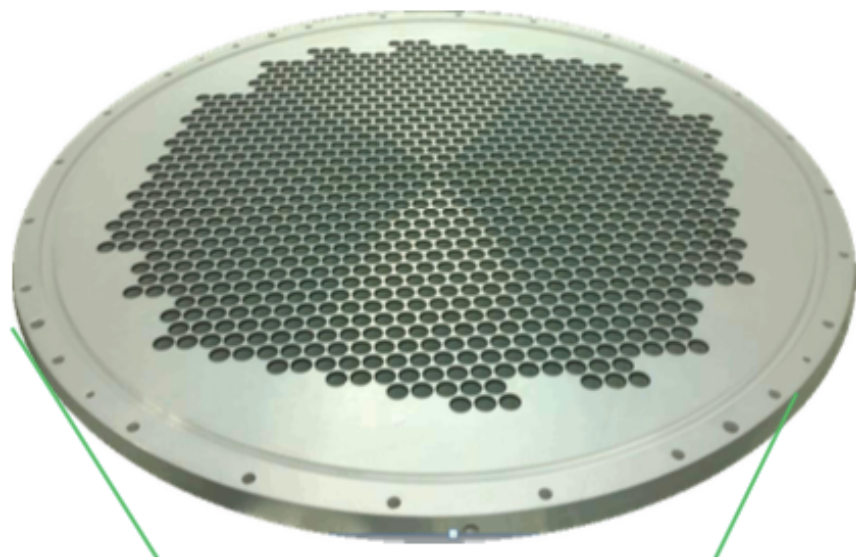
280 ps FWHM

Custom voltage divider

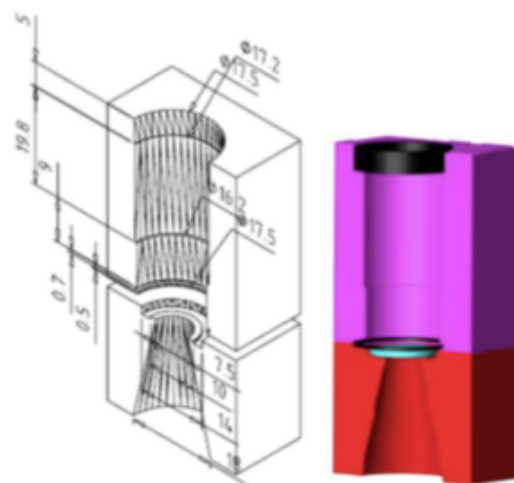


R7400U-03

Possible replacement R9880U with QE 30% @ peak under study



A quartz window decouples PM from gas (not in picture)



Winston cone

Custom Frontend

based on 8 channel NINO ASIC

fast discriminator amplifier

jitter < 25 ps @ 200 fC

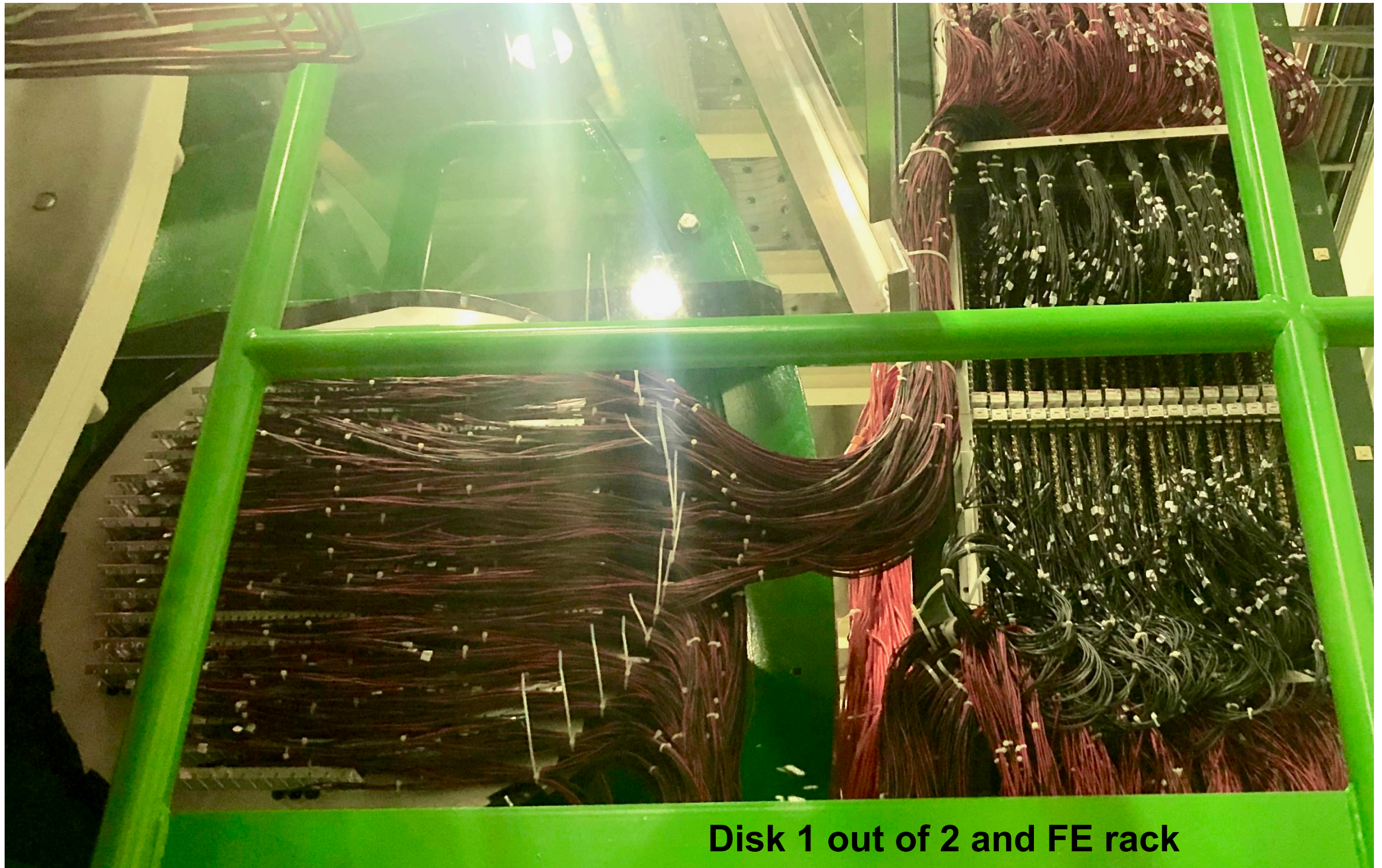
LVDS output

analog sum output for trigger



Total 2048 channels

[NA62 Internal note, 2020, 20-01



Disk 1 out of 2 and FE rack

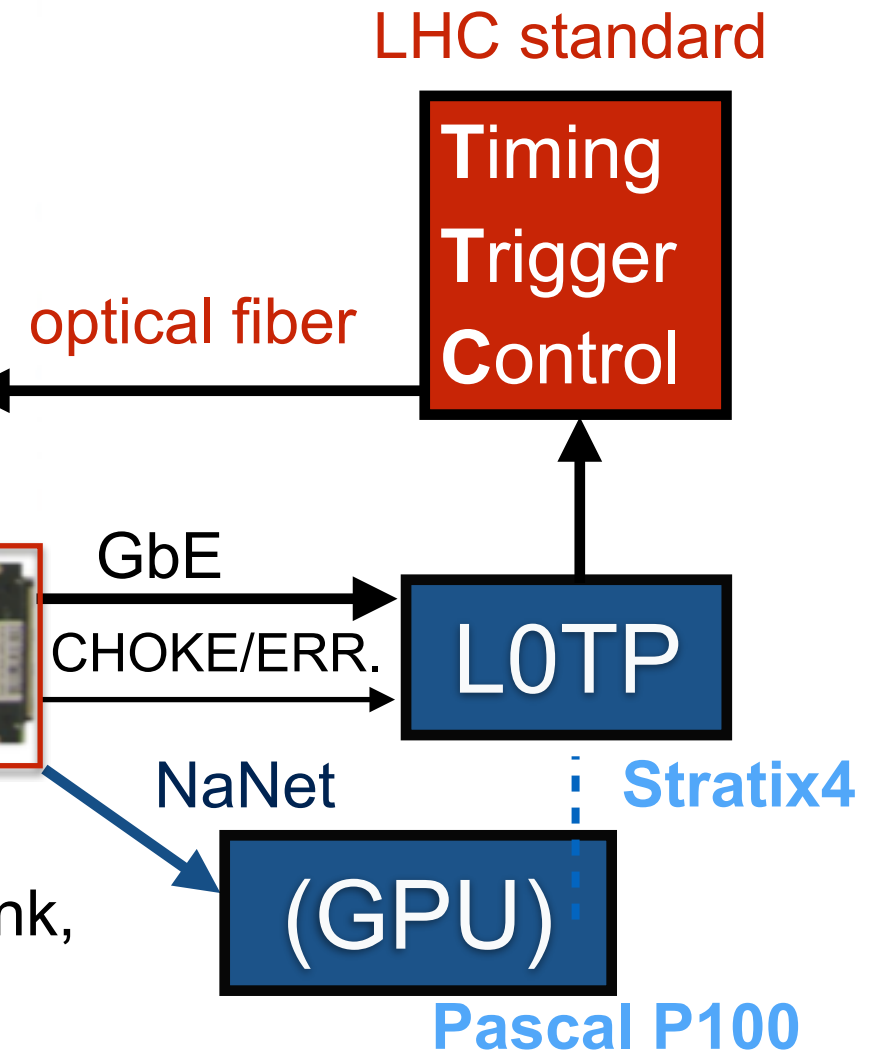
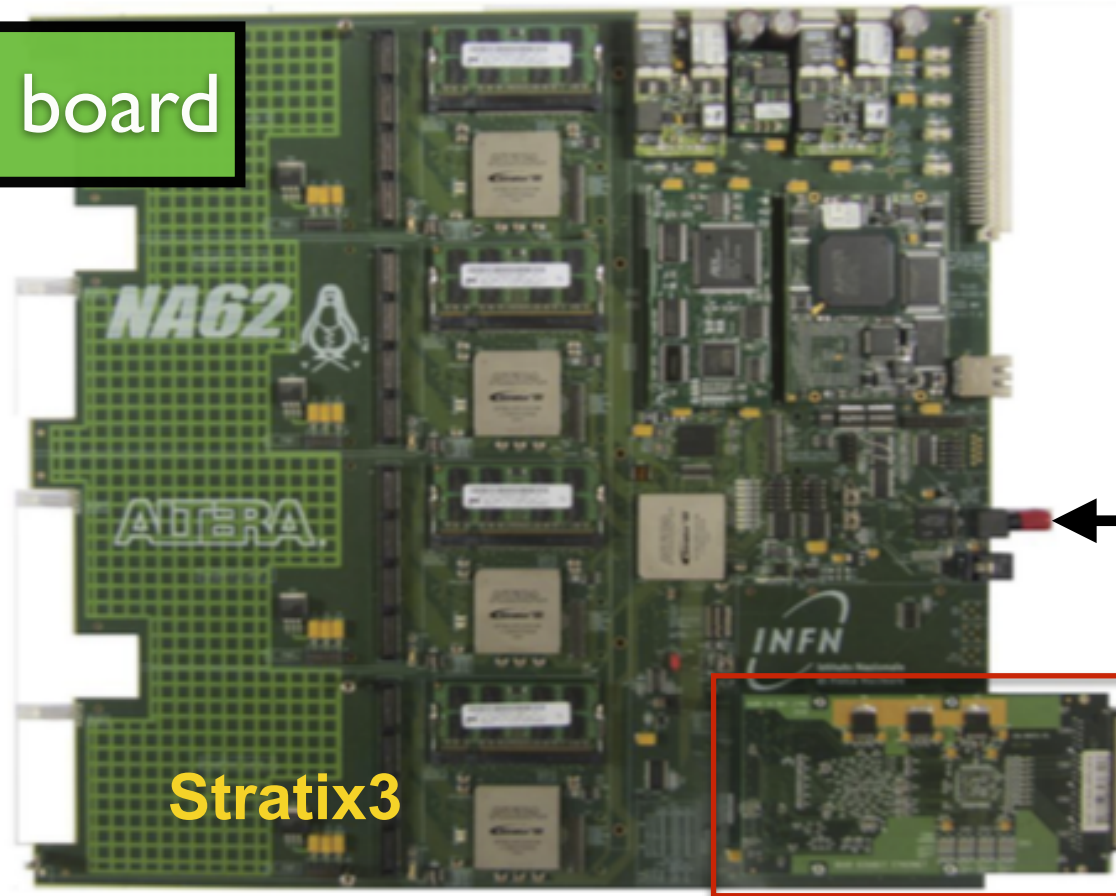
TEL62 board

common NA62 TDAQ module, 512 channels, 2GB DDR2, max L0 latency **1 ms**, backpressure handling,

Frontend

TDC board

- generates trigger primitives
- manages data transfer



RICH in L0 trigger:

Current solution: Multiplicity based on low granularity data

Alternative (proven): All hits to GPU using NaNet custom link, dedicated algorithms to reconstruct complex quantities

e.g. ring center and radius

[L0 trigger and readout Paper, 2019 ArXiv:1903.10200]

[NaNet Paper, 2015, JINST 10 C04011]

hardware upgrade foreseen for 2021 both for L0TP and GPU

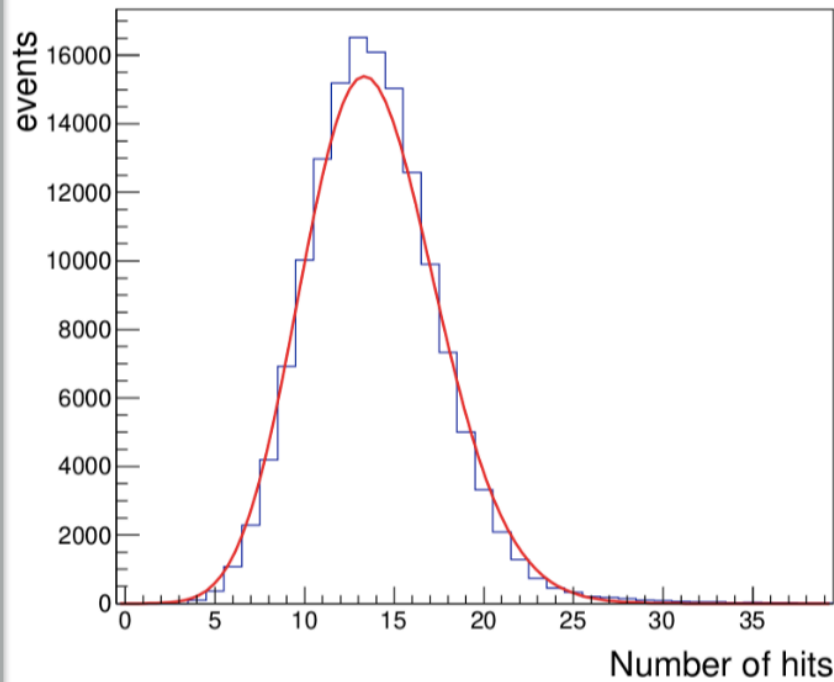


Hit multiplicity and spatial resolution

Clean positron from $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^0 e^+ \nu$

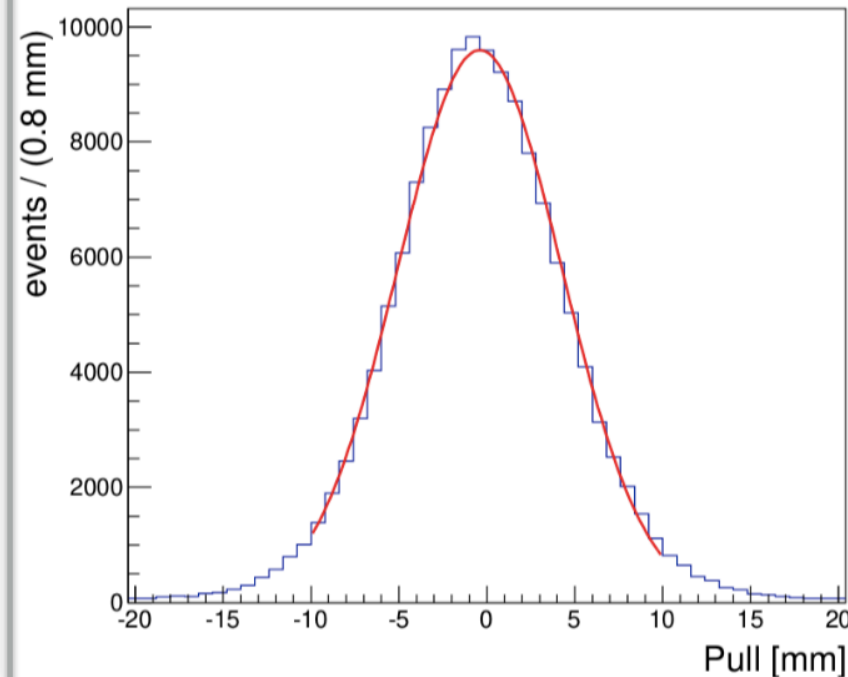
Single rings fully contained in RICH acceptance
2016 data

Number of hits per ring



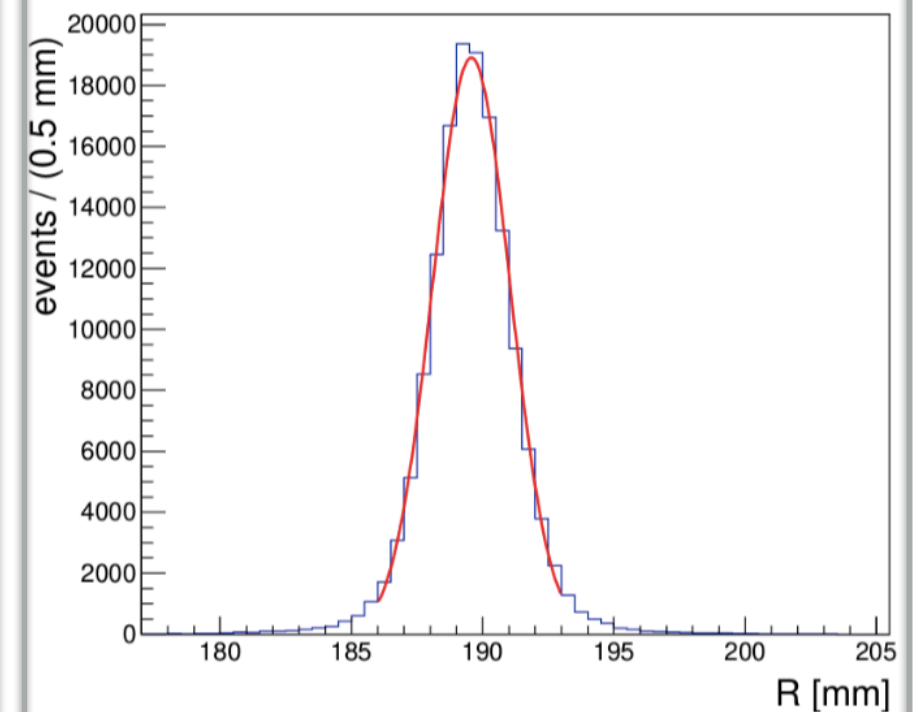
$$\langle N_{hit} \rangle = 13.8$$

Single hit spatial res.



$$\sigma_{hit} = 4.66 \text{ mm}$$

Ring radius resolution



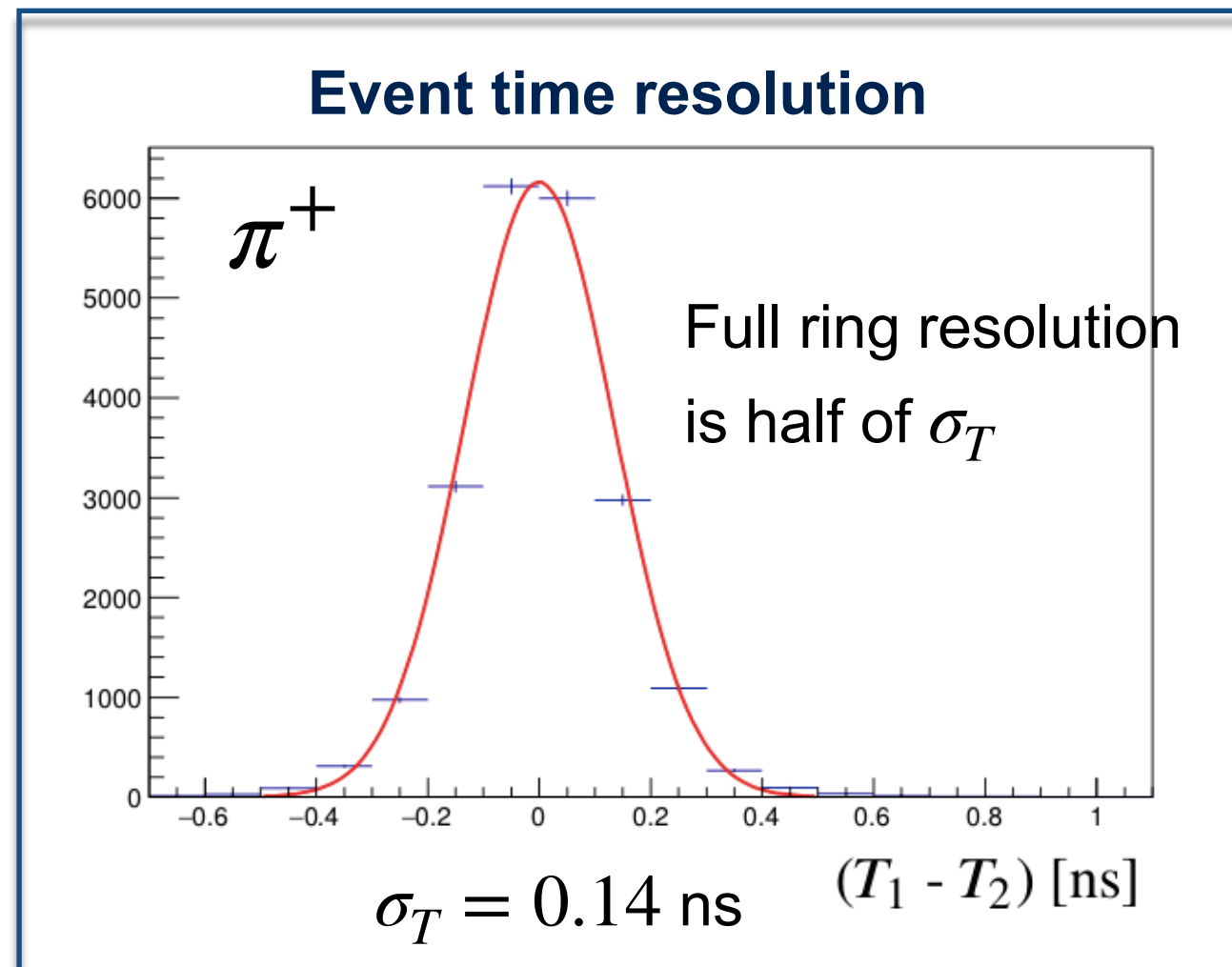
$$\langle R \rangle = 189.6 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma_R = 1.5 \text{ mm}$$

2017 data

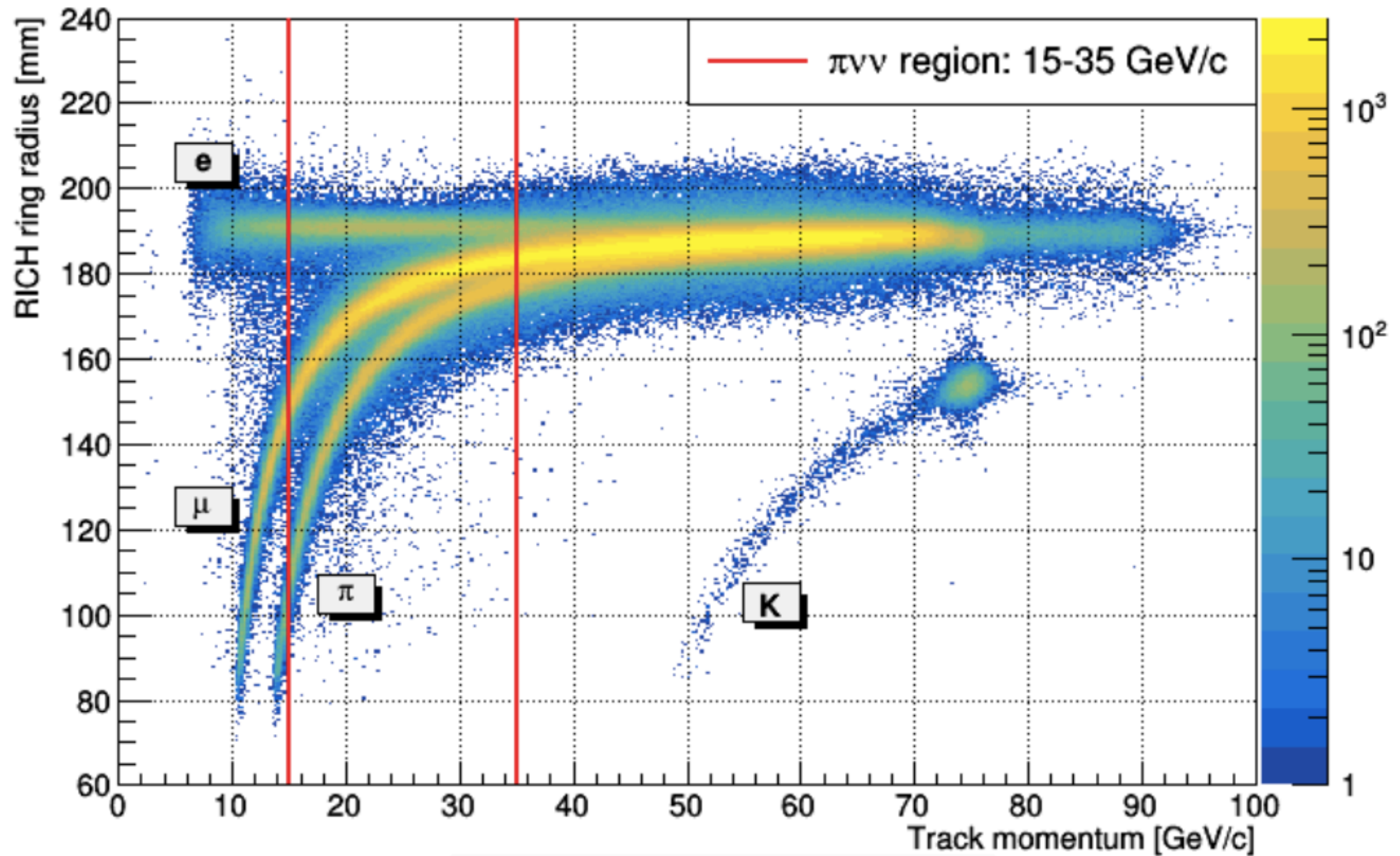
Intrinsic time resolution

For each ring two groups of hits are formed, randomly assigned
Calculate time average of each group
Plot the difference

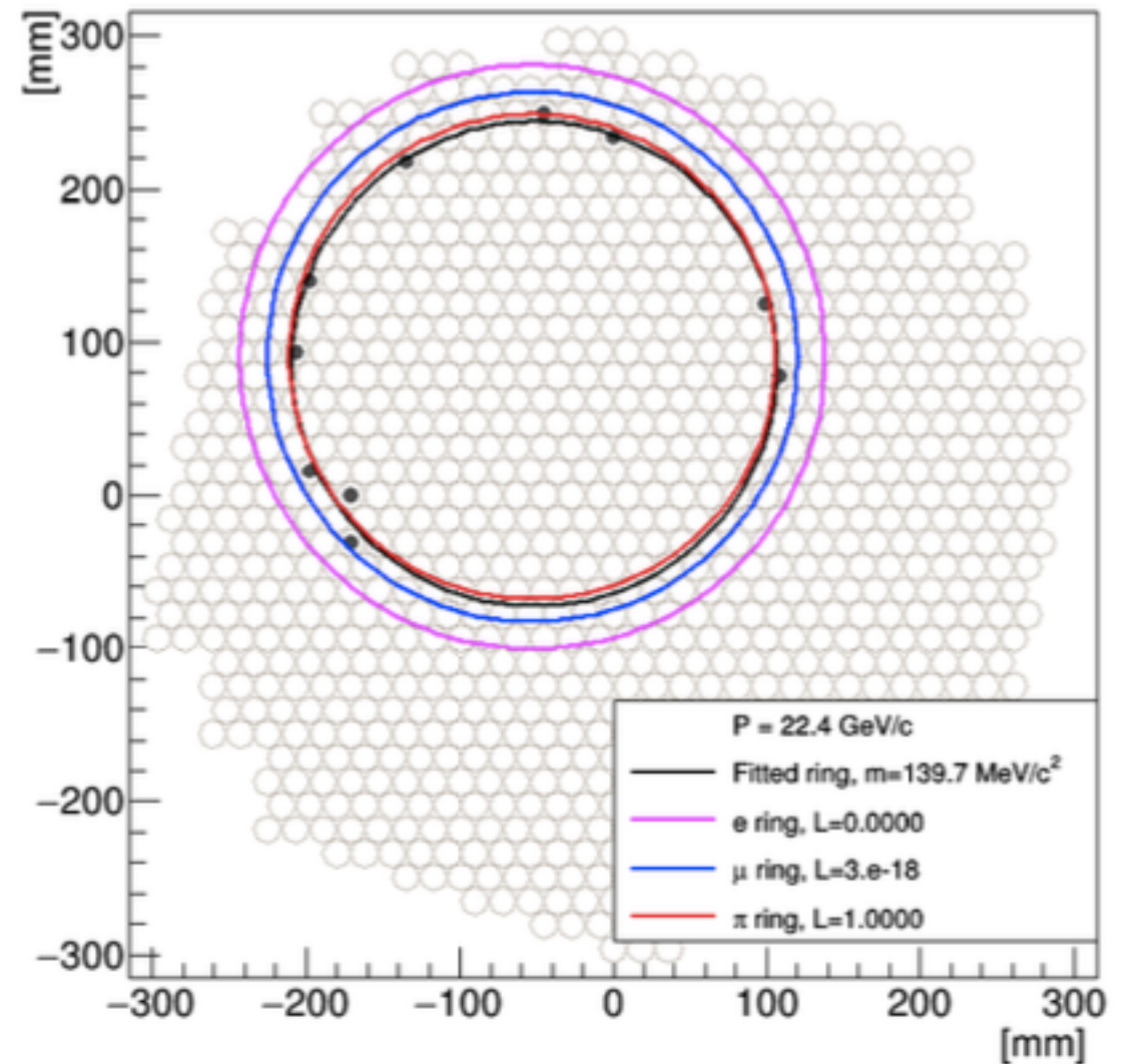
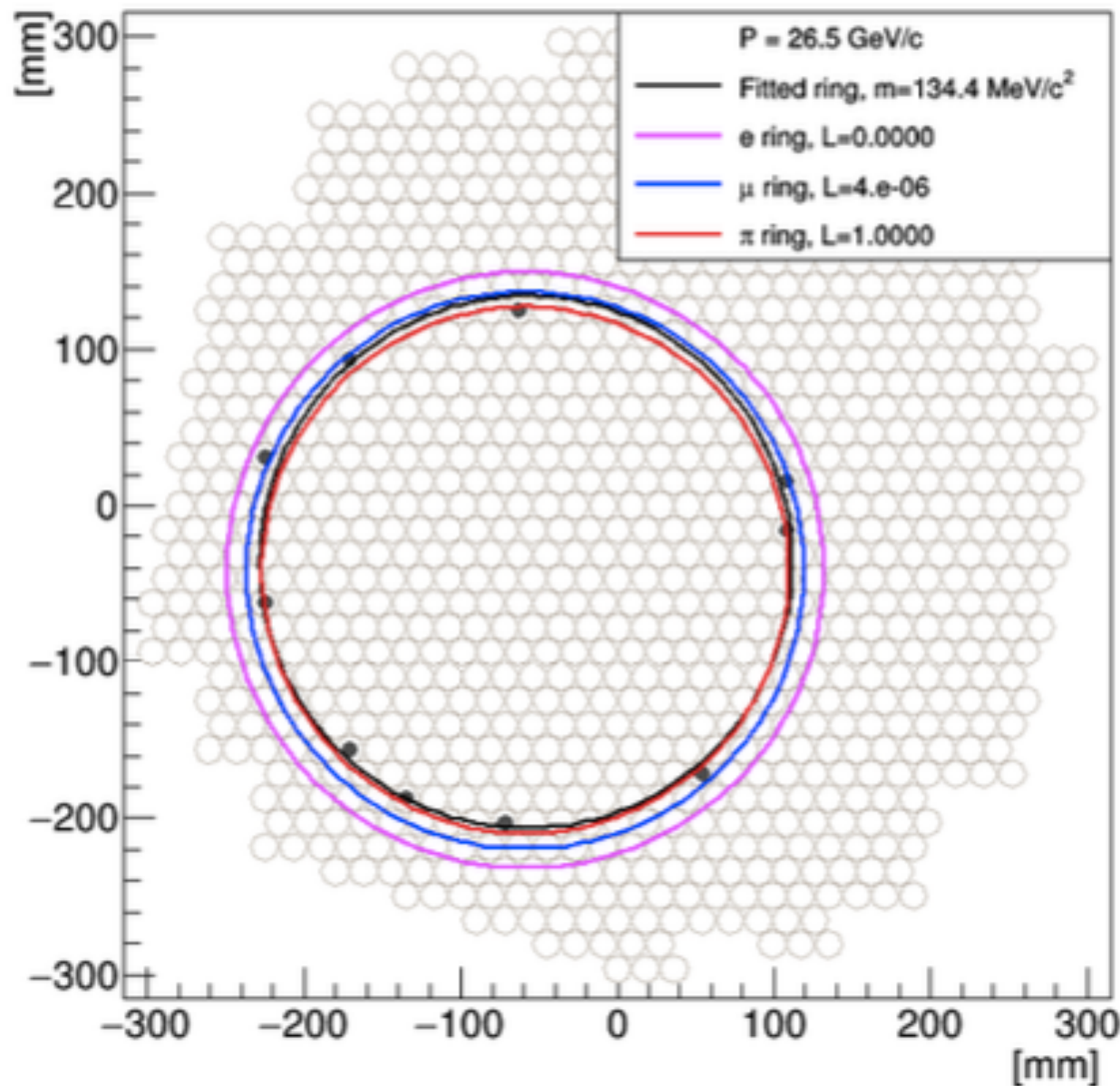


RICH time resolution = 0.07 ns

2017 data



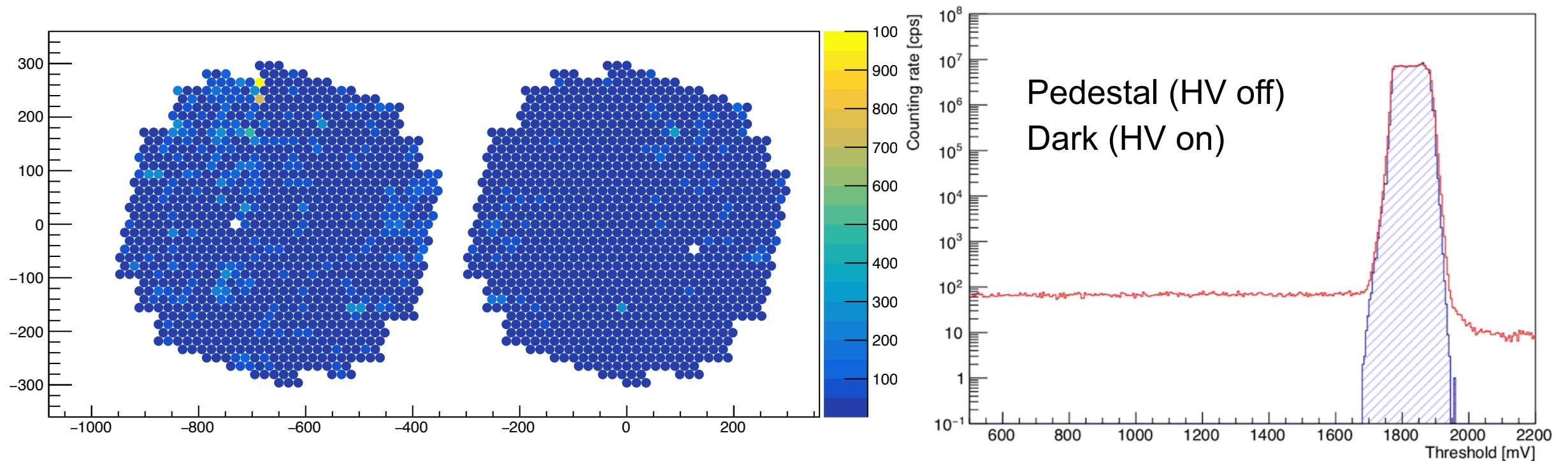
Cherenkov ring for the two events observed in the signal region



2016+2017 NA62 result $BR(K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu) = 1.85 \times 10^{-10} @ 90\% CL$

[Ruggiero.G, Kaon 2019]

Optimize single photoelectron response using thermal noise



Scaler data display
no beam, fixed threshold
typical value 10 cps

Single channel
count rate vs threshold

2019 data

Conclusion

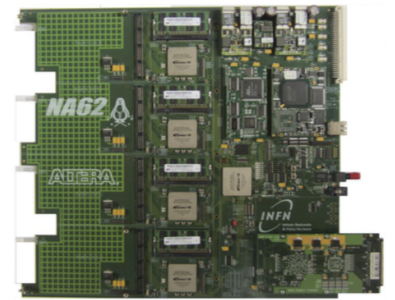
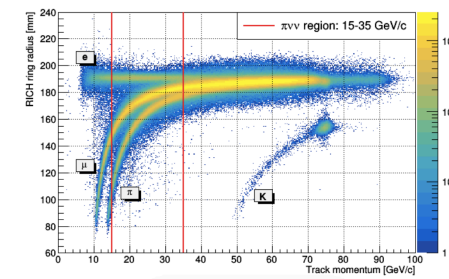
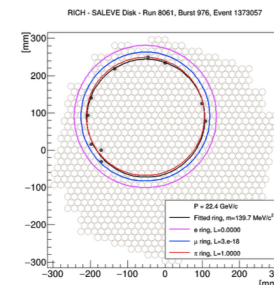
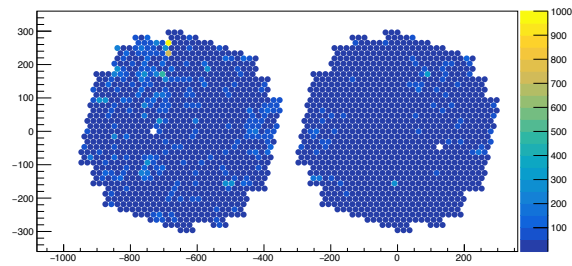
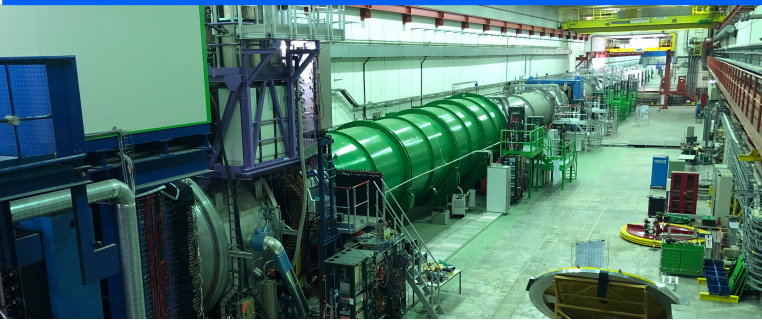
NA62 took $K^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ \nu \nu$ data in 2016-2018 with RICH as crucial sub-detector

- providing additional muon rejection to calorimetry based PID
- participating in L0 trigger with hit multiplicity algorithm
- giving to the experiment a 70 ps time reference for charged particles

NA62-RICH has been a good test environment for GPU based online selection
In particular to reconstruct complex quantities at lowest trigger level L0

NA62-RICH, completed with monitoring tools, is ready for data taking restart in 2021 with upgraded L0TP and GPU

INSTR20 Instrumentation for Colliding Beam Physics



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