DAQ database

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DAQ database

- **Configuration DB** explains DAQ initial setups at (re)start of runs
  - Parameters into FEE registers
  - Software settings (ref. # of condDB, HLT scripts, running RC nodes, etc)
  - Power supplies (running channels, voltages etc.)

  => **DAQ configuration DB** except for PXD

  => **PXD configDB** maintained by M. Rizert
- **Logger DB** shows histories of detector status and DAQ activities
  - Text messages with severity from DAQ processes

  => **NSM2 message collector** to DB is running

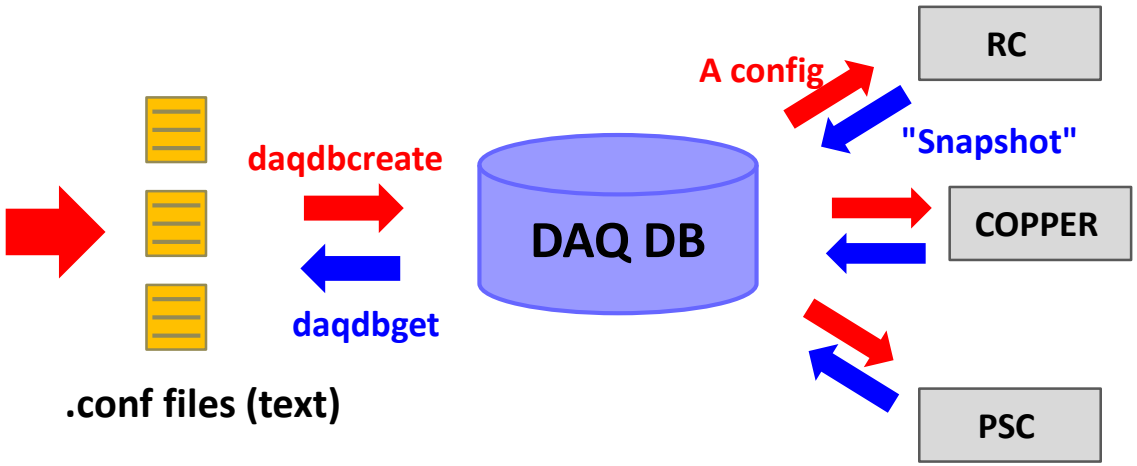
  => **JMS based framework** for PXD system
  - Monitored values collected via NSM2/EPICS records

  => **CSS channel archiver** modified M. Rizert

Configuration DB

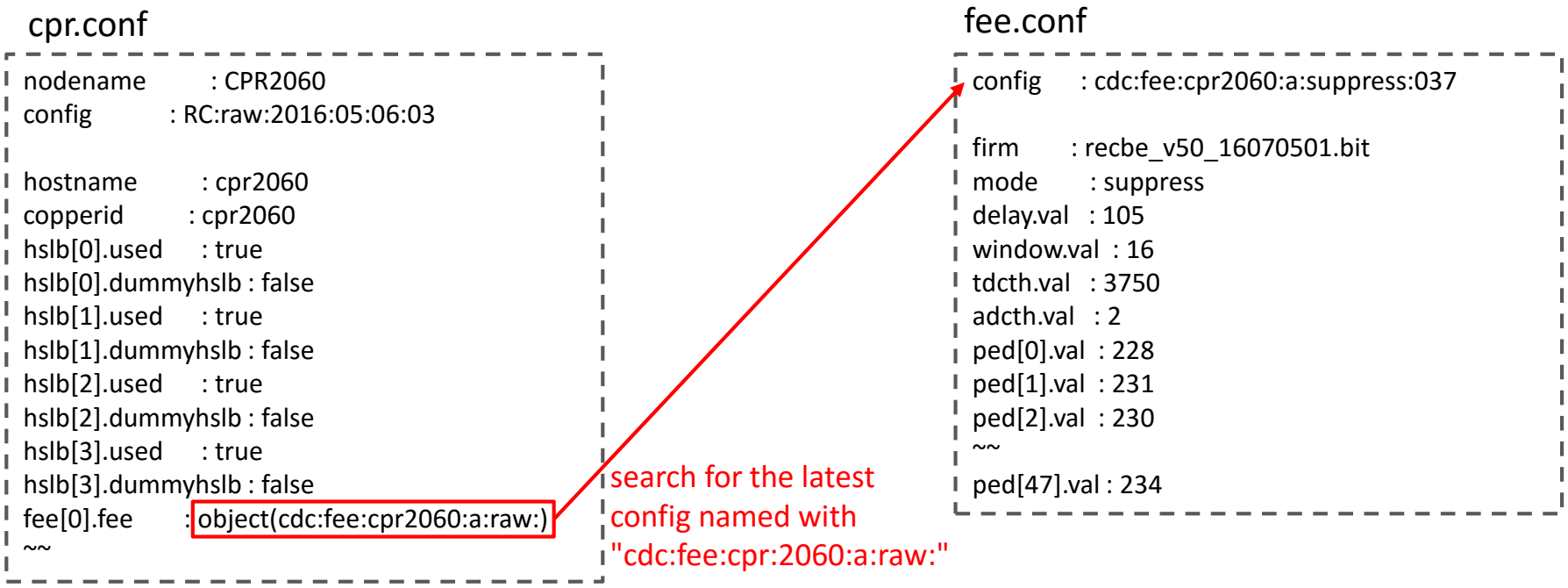
- **Configuration DB** is based on
  - Text parser into objects with nested structure
  - DB tables to contained objects by spiting variables into table rows
- Conversion between text and DB entries are done by CLT
  - Text -> DB : daqdbcreate <filepath> <tablename>
  - DB -> text (stdout) : daqdbget <tablename> <configname>
- Snapshot of a config entry (edited by manual) is recorded before run start
  - Assigned unique label : <nodename>@<expno>:<runno>:<subno>:<start/end>
  - Same daqdb tools are available
- Python utility is needed but not available yet (my homework)

Experts activities
- Measurements
- Calculation
- Condition DB

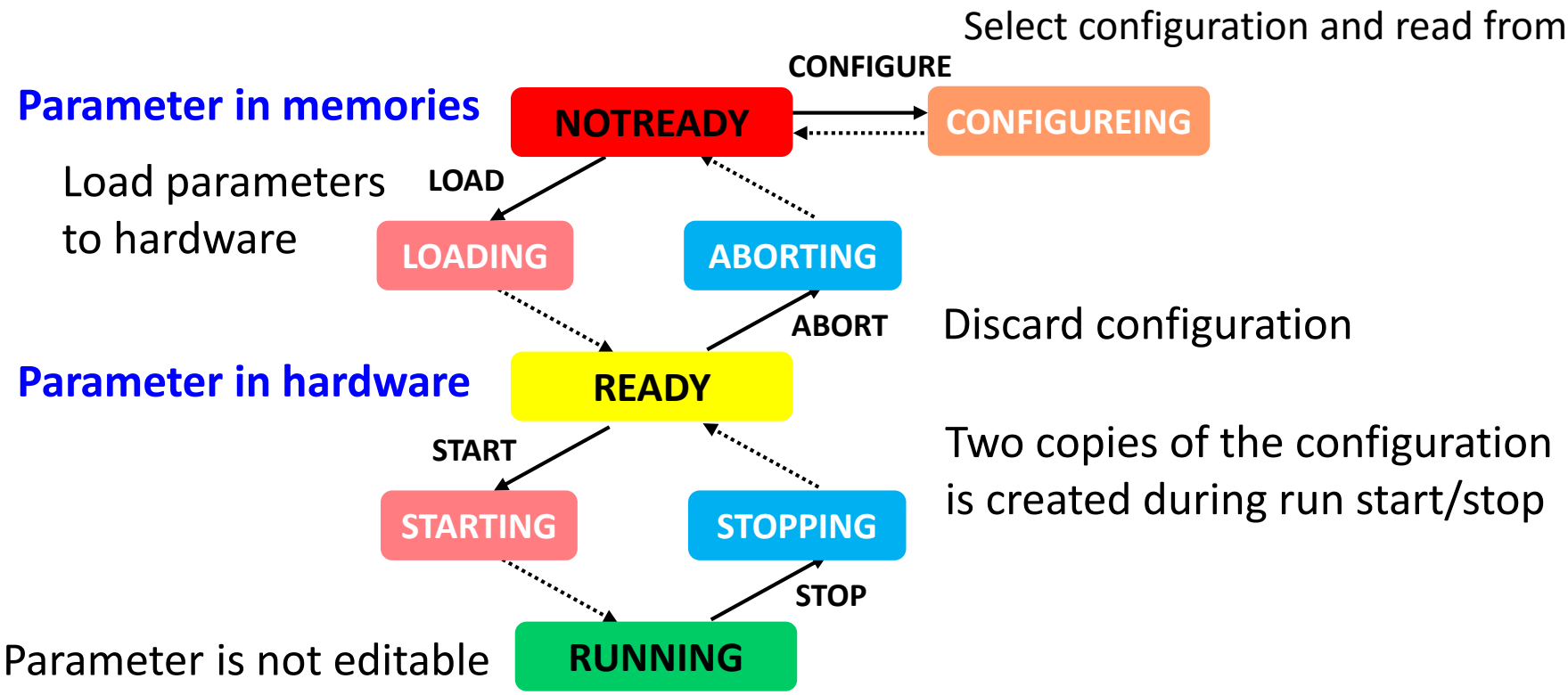


Creation new configuration

- New configuration can be created from a text file as input:
  - ex.) $ daqdbcreate cpr.conf cdc
    $ daqdbcreate fee.conf cdc
- Each configuration is identified by a configname
  - Assigned a configname as (nodename@)config



Configuration and RC state



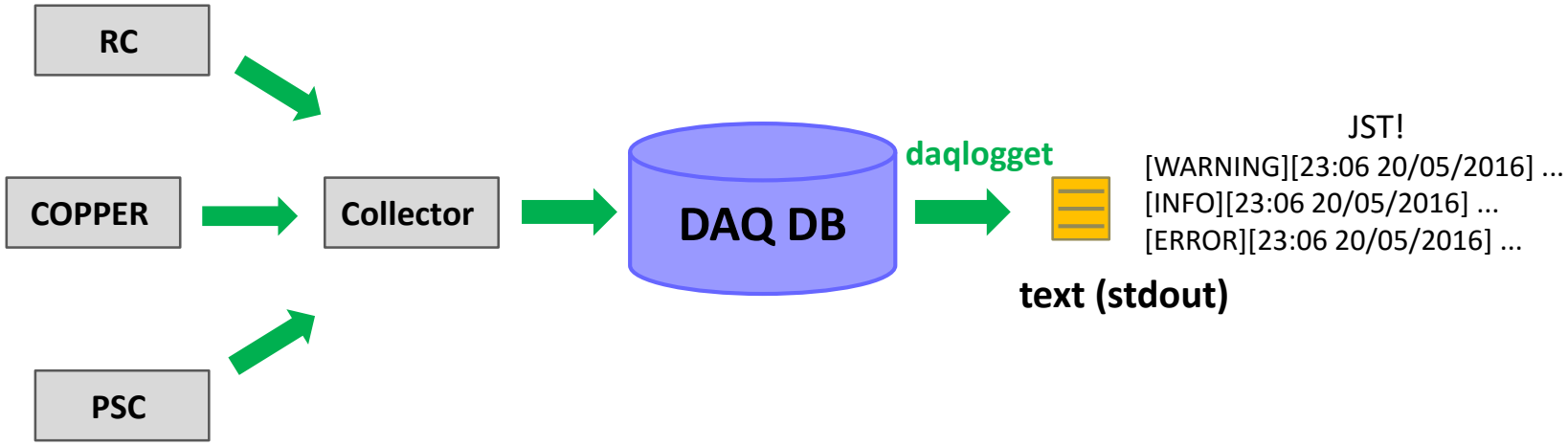
- CONFIGURE carries out replacement of configuration
  - ex) calibration -> physics
  - Manual modification is reset

Configuration of DAQ components (current situation)

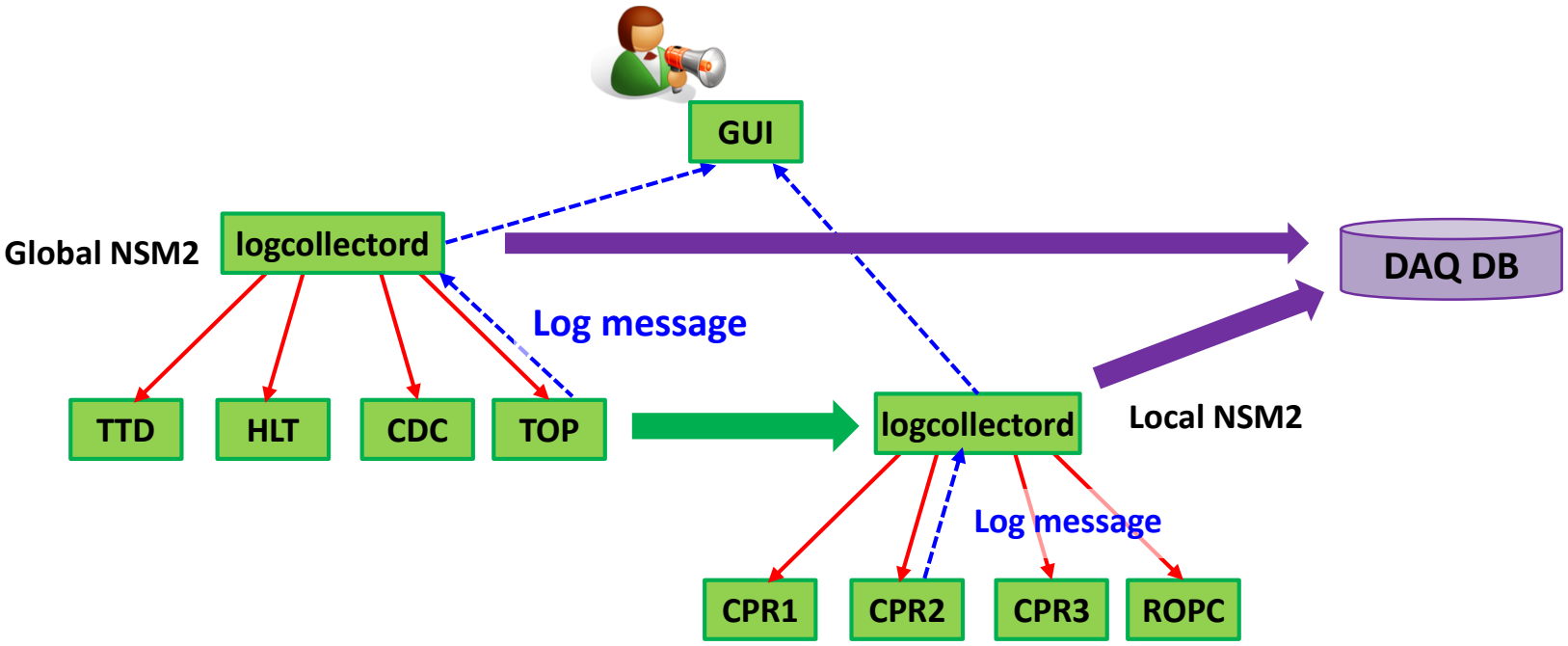
- TTD
  - Mapping (ttaddr): hard corded in header files
  - ?? : beyond my mind ...
- COPPER/ROPC : in config. DB
  - FEE parameters : in config. DB
  - Streaming files: in local disk (paths are in DB)
  - eb0 / eb1tx : in config. DB
- HLT : in text files
  - basf2 scripts are called in a python script
    - The scripts are determined in the text files
  - eb1rx : in config. DB
- Storage : in config. DB including eb2rx
- Express reco : in text files (same as HLT)

Logger DB (text message)

- **Text Logger DB** is based on
  - NSM2 based message transportation ("LOG" request)
  - Parser and Deparser of text messages
- Command line tools to dump messages into texts are available
  - daqlogget <nodename> [<date>] [severity]
  - Web based view is also available
- Data size estimation is not done yet (homework)



Log collection scheme



- Log message collection via NSM2
- logcollectord : log message collector daemon
  - Unique in a NSM2 segment
    - Each collector has unique NSM2 name to identify the segment
  - Accept NSM message labeled by "LOG"
  - Send to GUI (CSS) and database

How to send log

slow control C/C++ libraries are available to implement codes to send logs

- From HLT basf2 codes
  - B2FATAL, B2ERROR, B2INFO are redirected to HLT slow control
  - HLT Log collection functions are newly developed by Itoh-san
- From slow control programs
  - Implemented in a C++ Class extending NSMCallback
  - log (<priority>, <message>) (a class method of NSMCallback)
- From FEE handler
  - Implement in FEE::monitor(RCCallback& callback, HSLB& hslb)
  - callback.log(<severity>, <message>)
- From generic NSM programs
  - call b2nsm_sendany(node, "LOG", npar, pars, len, msg, NULL)
  - node = NSM name of logcollectord
  - pars = 0 or 1, pars[0] = severity (DEBUG:1-6:FATAL), par[1] = UNIX time
  - msg = C string for text message, len = strlen(msg)

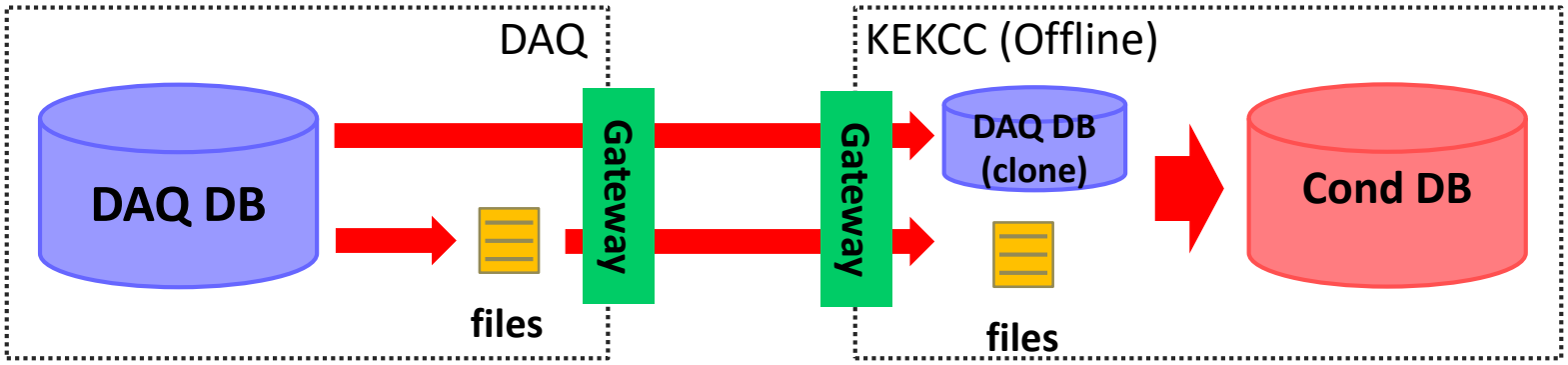
How to handle log severity

- Log priorities : DEBUG < INFO < WARNING < ERROR < FATAL
  => **Question : What slow control should do for error logs?**
  - DEBUG : (current) nothing shown on GUI but recorded into DB
  - INFO : (current) shown on GUI and recorded into DB
  - WARNING : (current) shown on GUI and recorded into DB
  - ERROR : (current) shown on GUI and recorded into DB
  - FATAL : (current) shown on GUI and recorded into DB

  Currently No difference
- **Should run control suspend / abort runs according to log priorities?**
  - INFO / WARNING : Nothing to do
  - ERROR : Suspend run. Trigger is stopped but others are still running
  - FATAL : Abort run. All subsystems are back to NOTREADY
- Other NSM messages "ERROR" and "FATAL" can be sent to runcontrold
  - ERORR and FATAL abort the current run
    => ALL components are back to be "NOTREADY"
  - Should logcollectord redirect error log messages to runcontrold?

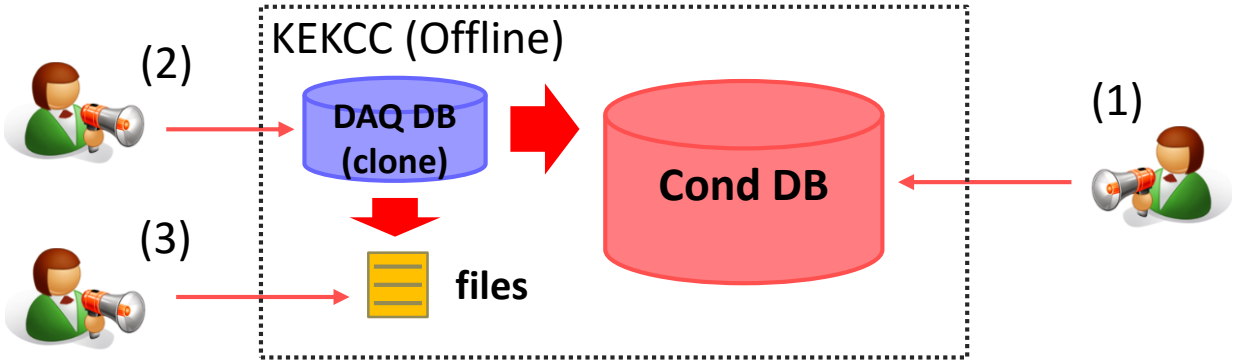
Exporting DAQ DB

- Replication of database itself
  - DAQ accepts postresql (5432) port from KEKCC
  - Native method (or popular) methods of PostgrelSQL replication
  - Config DB is converted into Cond DB for offline usage
- Transport **dumped files** for monitoring
  - http (80) access to get files by wget or curl
  - KEKCC side downloads files periodically (one per day?)
- Yamagata-san and T.Hara-san are negotiating with KEKCC to open connection
  - Much complicated concerns in network security
  - Closed network and restricted ports are available



How to use config. DB in offline

- Copy of configuration is stored in each run start/end
  - Stored in different DB tables : ex) cdc -> cdc_log
- Offline people will convert the replica of config DB to condDB
  - I have no idea who takes care and how they convert yet...
- But config DB itself is available for basf2 software since the codes in basf2
- There are many possibilities to access configuration:
  - (1) Access to Cond DB with converted configurations
  - (2) Direct access to config DB clone
  - (3) Text files dumping the configuration from config DB



Summary

- DAQ use database for configuration and logging
- Configuration DB is used in many parts of DAQ components
- Message logging scheme is also in operation
  - HLT log collection is newly implemented
- Infrastructure of DB replication is designed by Yamagata-san
- Conversion of config DB to cond DB is still unclear
  - Usage in offline is also not clear yet