

Beam-Driven Wakefield Accelerator Research at UNIST, Korea

Moses Chung[#]

Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology (UNIST)

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Ulsan and UNIST

Ulsan is South Korea's eighth-largest city overall, with a population of over 1.1 million inhabitants.



Ulsan is the industrial powerhouse of South Korea.

It has the world's largest automobile assembly plant operated by the Hyundai Motor Company; the world's largest shipyard, operated by Hyundai Heavy Industries; and the world's third largest oil refinery, owned by SK Energy.

In 2017, Ulsan had a GDP per capita of \$65,093, the highest of any region in South Korea.

UNIST

(Ulsan National Institute of Science and Technology) = One of the four public universities in South Korea which are dedicated to research in science and technology, founded in 2009



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Background

~2010



The open-access journal for physics

EDITORIAL

Focus on laser- and beam-driven plasma

accelerators

Chan Joshi¹ and Victor Malka²

¹ University of California Los Angeles, Los Angeles, CA 90095, USA ² Laboratoire d'Optique Appliquée, Palaiseau, France E-mail: joshi@ee.ucla.edu and victor.malka@ensta.fr

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There are far fewer PWFA than LWFA experiments being performed worldwide. This is because there are far fewer facilities that can provide the high-current, highly relativistic charged particle beams that are needed for such experiments [21]. The two main facilities are at the SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory and the Brookhaven National Laboratory, both in the United States. PWFA development is driven by its application in high-energy physics.

- → Recently, European countries started considerable investment for beam-driven wakefield accelerator researches (e.g., AWAKE).
- → In Korea, still laser-driven researches are dominant; only recently a full-scale research program on beam-driven wakefield took off, motivated by experience in producing high-current & highquality electron beams for XFEL.

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Simulation Efforts

Plasma instabilities in beam-driven plasma wakefield; Trojan horse injection; and seeded self-modulation for AWAKE RUN 2 experiments



Beam-plasma instabilities in long beam ($k_p \sigma_z \gg 1$) and over-dense ($n_b \ll n_0$) plasma regime



Beam-plasma instability can be selectively induced by adjusting beam radial size and transverse emittance.

Trojan horse injection: Space charge effect

[K. Moon et al., Phys. Plasmas 26, 073103 (2019)]



Witness bunch longitudinal phase space is strongly affected by space charge field especially during short propagation distance.

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AWAKE RUN2 experiment and e-beam seeding



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Seeded Self-Modulation phase determination by seed electron bunch



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Seed beam energy 10, 20 MeV ($\langle v_{z,s} \rangle \ll \langle v_{z,p} \rangle {\sim} c$)

- Dephasing seed wakefield during SSM development.
- Seed and SSM driven wakefields alternately interfere constructively and destructively. Phase oscillations observed (red dotted boxes): Any effects?

Seed beam energy 160 MeV ($\langle v_{z,s} \rangle \,{\sim} \langle v_{z,p} \rangle {\sim} c$)

- Non-evolving seed wakefield during SSM development.
- Seed and SSM driven wakefields interfere constructively.

We are looking for electron bunch parameters that lead to the "best" self-modulation as an ongoing study.

→ Preliminary experiment on electron beam injection into plasma (next month)
 → Proton run in November

Design and optimization

Studies on optimization of electron transfer line and beam loading into beam-driven plasma wakefield



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- Beam-driven plasma wakefield acceleration (PWFA) with external electron injection scheme
 - Need to control / optimize transfer line to match the electron beam parameters for injection requirement
 - Two ultimate goals of PWFA: increase in acceleration (capturing) efficiency and preservation of emittance
- Research motivation:

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- Coherent synchrotron radiation (CSR) on the electron beam: source of emittance growth and non-linear distortion of beam phase space
- Investigation of beam loading with CSR effect: is it significant on additional emittance growth during acceleration?
- > Ref.: S.-Y. Kim, S. Doebert, E. S. Yoon, M. Chung, Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams 24, 021301, 2021



0.5

0

-0.5

-1.5

-2

-2.5

-1



- PWFA and beam loading simulations with simplified model*
 - Electron beam density: 31 times higher than background plasma density, generating blow-out regime
 - At electron beam head, blow-out starts to develop; focusing gradient is not constant along slice
 - Inside blow-out regime, focusing gradient is constant and very strong
 - This feature is called head-erosion (emittance growth is mostly at the beam head; next slide)
- *: V. K. Berglyd Olsen, E. Adli, P. Muggli, Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams 21, 011301, 2018



- Slice emittance of the electron beam after
 5 m plasma source
 - Initial emittance before injection: ~2 mm mrad
 - Black solid and dashed lines: longitudinal electron distribution and initial emittance
 - (a): case where the beam centroid and angle before injection are not adjusted
 - (b): case where the beam centroid and angle are adjusted
 - Blue and orange curves at (a): case without CSR effect and fully suppressed case, respectively
 - If the CSR effect along the transfer line is not suppressed: additional increase of the emittance at the electron head is significant



Ref.: S.-Y. Kim, S. Doebert, E. S. Yoon, M. Chung, Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams 24, 021301, 2021

After 5 m plasma source:

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- When the CSR effect is not fully suppressed, distortion of the slice distribution at the head becomes significant
- Also, CSR effect leads to the increase of the energy spread: but it does not contribute to the further growth during acceleration
- > Ref.: S.-Y. Kim, S. Doebert, E. S. Yoon, M. Chung, Phys. Rev. Accel. Beams 24, 021301, 2021

Plasma source development

Status of Argon discharge plasma source for beam-driven plasma wakefield acceleration experiment







Plasma source: target

- Plasma source for plasma wakefield experiments
 - Electron beam self-modulation / other instabilities
 - Electron acceleration through plasma wakefield
- Design target
 - Plasma density: order of 10¹⁵/cm³
 - Dimension:
 - Diameter 10 mm
 - Length 100 mm / 200 mm
 - Attachable for any electron beamline



Schematic view for detail



Plasma source: progress



- Left figure: plasma source system
- Pressure control of the plasma source
 - Vacuum test done (minimum ~ 10^{-3} mbar)
 - Gas injection & pressure control
 - Gas pressure: maintained at 10⁻¹ mbar



Plasma source: plan

- Discharge circuit development
 - Based on DC high voltage
 - Voltage: Maximum 2 kV
 - Apply pulsed current periodically in same voltage
 - Frequency: 10 Hz (same as beam repetition rate)
 - Discharge current: over 500 A
 - It makes arc discharge, which allows higher plasma density



- Plasma density measurement
 - Use laser to measure spectral line
 - Based on Stark effect
 - Planned to carry out the measurement at Pohang Accelerator Laboratory



Reference: G. Loisch, Ph.D. Thesis (2019)

Injector Test Facility

Optimization and commissioning of electron injector: Injector Test Facility at Pohang Accelerator Laboratory

(Seong-Yeol Kim's contribution + More by Dr. Nam's talk)



Commissioning status of PAL – ITF



- Commissioning of the electron injector of PAL ITF
 - Electron beam focusing experiment using active plasma lens
 - Electron beam-driven plasma wakefield experiment
 - Source of external injection for laser-wakefield acceleration
 - Experiment using 8-port BPM for coupling measurement
- For those planned experiments: parametric scanning and optimization based on multi-objective genetic algorithm

Beam energy (gun // booster)	6 // 70 MeV
Beam charge	200 pC
Initial UV pulse length	3 ps FWHM
Normalized emittance	< 1 mm mrad
RMS beam size	0.1 mm (for lens experiment)
RMS energy spread	~ 0.1%

J. Hong, C.-K. Min, J.-H. Han, Performance of S-band photocathode RF gun with coaxial coupler, In Proc. FEL 2019



Injector optimization based on genetic algorithm



- Multi-Objective Genetic Algorithm based injector optimization
 - # of individuals in population: 36, # of generations: 150
 - ASTRA tracking simulation used with Python
 - 4 input variables: B-field and position of main/bucking solenoids
 - 2 targets: beam size of 0.22 mm, emittance of 0.47 mm mrad
 - Further optimization on-going with large # of generations

Fitness functions for emittance and beam size

$$f_{\epsilon} = 1 - e^{-\left(\frac{x - \epsilon_{target}}{\epsilon_{target}}\right)^2}, \quad f_{\sigma} = 1 - e^{-\left(\frac{y - \sigma_{target}}{\sigma_{target}}\right)^2}$$



Injector optimization based on genetic algorithm



Neural-Network machine learning based optimization \geq

(mm mrad)

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Beam manipulation

Longitudinal phase space manipulation using Double Emittance Exchange (DEEX)





Longitudinal phase space manipulation using DEEX

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These functions can be carried out simultaneously.

Experiment results (preliminary)

Tunable bunch compression

Longitudinal chirp control



Experiment results (preliminary)

Nonlinear longitudinal phase space manipulation



Conclusion

- Research on beam-driven plasma wakefield has begun in Korea
 - Beam-plasm instabilities, witness beam injection, seeded self-modulation, beam manipulation, etc.
 - Participation in AWAKE experiments at CERN and DEEX/AWA at ANL
 - Design of Argon discharge plasma source: application to PWFA experiments
- Various studies and experiments at PAL–ITF are planned (More by Dr. Nam's talk)
 - Active plasma lens experiment with electron beam
 - PWFA LWFA acceleration experiment with external injection scheme
 - Optimization of electron beam with genetic algorithms and machine learning
 - Beam manipulation for PWFA application (e.g., control of energy spread & bunch shape)



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